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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/550,745	07/06/2006	Reinhold Hermann Stammel	44950-78606	6070
76799 PAMELA A. K	7590 02/19/200 ACHUR	EXAMINER		
950 W 450 S			AVERY, BRIDGET D	
=	BLDG. 4 COLUMBUS, IN 47201			PAPER NUMBER
			3618	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/19/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/550,745	STAMMEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	BRIDGET AVERY	3618				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 M</u>	av 2008					
	_ 					
<i>i</i>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
	Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 September 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
, , ,	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
<u> </u>	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Au. 1						
Attachment(s) 1) M Notice of References Cited (RTO 902) 4) Unitorious Summers (RTO 412)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) 🔯 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) 🔲 Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/23/05, 1/3/06 & 10/6/06</u> . 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 1. Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 2. Claim 1 recites the limitation "the motor" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. According to applicant's disclosure and drawing, the motor (M) is the engine. Therefore, for the purposes of examination, the recitation of motor will be treated as "engine".
- 3. In claim 1, on line 3, the phrase "and/or" is vague and indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 11, 13, 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shimada (US Patent 3,942,599).

Shimada teaches a motor vehicle including a combustion engine (1), a gearbox, an exhaust system (2, 8) and an exhaust system bracket (21a) for fastening the exhaust system, characterized in that the exhaust system (2, 8) is fastened to the gearbox (5, 6)

through the exhaust system bracket (21a) which comprises a supporting element (11, 11a) in the form of a plate holder with at least two band-like, elastic plates (11, 11a) which are superimposed so as to form a stack and are able to move relative to each other on at least a part of their length. The supporting element has an angular structure as seen in the longitudinal section. The supporting element, as seen in the longitudinal section, has a twofold angular structure in the form of an offset step, as show in Figure 7. The supporting element, as seen in the longitudinal section, has a fourfold angular structure in the form of two offset steps which are arranged mirror-inverted to each other, as shown in Figure 7. The plates have a smooth surface. The plates have a structured surface. The supporting element is fastened to the exhaust system by means of a console. Re claim 18, see Figure 1.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 5-10, 12 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimada ('599).

Shimada teaches the features described above.

Shimada lacks the teaching of a helical structure, austenitic material, ferritic material, spring steel, plates made of different materials, plates having a different thickness, plates having a rough surface, plates fastened to each other by screwing,

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welding or a form-fitting and/or force-fitting connection, a flanged plate, and the teaching of three, four or five plates.

The provision of a helical structure or a flanged plate represents a change in shape which is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art. The use of old and well known materials would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art. The provision of well known fastening methods such as screwing and welding would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art. The provision of three, four, or five plates is an obvious duplication of parts which is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art. Where a claimed improvement on a device or apparatus is no more than "the simple substitution of one known element for another or the mere application of a known technique to a piece of prior art ready for improvement," the claim is unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Ex Parte Smith, 83 USPQ.2d 1509, 1518-19 (BPAI, 2007) (citing KSR v. Teleflex, 127 S.Ct. 1727, 1740, 82 USPQ2d 1385, 1396 (2007)). Accordingly Applicant claims a combination that only unites old elements with no change in the respective functions of those old elements, and the combination of those elements vields predictable results; absent evidence that the modifications necessary to effect the combination of elements is uniquely challenging or difficult for one of ordinary skill in the art, the claim is unpatentable as obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). Ex Parte Smith, 83 USPQ.2d at 1518-19 (BPAI, 2007) (citing KSR, 127 S.Ct. at 1740, 82 USPQ2d at 1396. Accordingly, since the applicant[s] have submitted no persuasive evidence that the combination of the above elements is uniquely challenging or difficult for one of ordinary skill in the art, the claim is unpatentable as obvious under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) because it is no more than the predictable use of prior art elements according to their established functions resulting in the simple substitution of one known element for another or the mere application of a known technique to a piece of prior art ready for improvement.

Conclusion

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6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hasetoh et al. shows a structure for mounting powertrain of vehicle.

Uegane et al. shows an exhaust pipe layout structure for vehicles.

Aiba shows a method for mounting an exhaust system in a motorcycle.

Uegane et al. shows a vibration absorbing apparatus for exhaust system of engine.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRIDGET AVERY whose telephone number is (571)272-6691. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00AM to 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Ellis, can be reached on 571-272-6914. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

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/Christopher P Ellis/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3618

/Bridget Avery/

Examiner, Art Unit 3618